

Name: _____ Period: _____

Honors Pre-Calculus Summer Packet

This work must be turned in the 2nd time our class meets. You will be given a test on this material the 2nd week of school. You may not use a calculator. You MUST show ALL work!

Simplify each expression.

$$1. (-4)^2$$

$$2. -4^2$$

$$3. 4^{-2}$$

$$4. -4^{-2}$$

$$5. \left(5x^3\right)^2$$

$$6. \left(-4x^2\right)^{-1}$$

$$7. \left(x^3y^{-2}\right)^{-1}$$

$$8. \frac{x^2y^3}{xy^5}$$

$$9. \frac{4x^{-2}(yz)^{-1}}{2^2x^4y}$$

$$10. \left(\frac{3x^{-1}}{4y^{-1}}\right)^{-2}$$

Add, subtract, or multiply, as indicated. Express your answer as a single polynomial in standard form.

$$11. (x^3 + 2x^2 + 3) + (x^2 - 3x + 3)$$

$$12. (x^2 - 2x - 4) - (x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 2)$$

$$13. 4x^2(x^4 - 2x + 3)$$

$$14. (2x - 4)(x + 2)$$

$$15. (2x - 5)^2$$

$$16. (2x - 4)(3x^3 - 4x + 2)$$

Factor each polynomial completely.

$$17. x^2 - 49$$

$$18. 4x^2 - 9y^4$$

$$19. 5 - 45x^2$$

$$20. x^2 + 5x + 6$$

$$21. x^2 + 5x + 4$$

$$22. x^2 + 3x - 4$$

$$23. x^3 + 7x^2 - 30x$$

$$24. 3x + 3$$

$$25. 2x^2 - 9x + 10$$

$$26. x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 6$$

$$27. x^3 - 7x^2 + 5x - 35$$

Use synthetic division to find the quotient and remainder when:

$$28. x^3 - x^2 + 2x + 4 \text{ is divided by } x - 2$$

$$29. x^5 + 5x^3 - 10 \text{ is divided by } x + 1$$

Reduce each rational expression to lowest terms.

$$30. \frac{3x+9}{x^2-9}$$

$$31. \frac{2x^2+5x-3}{1-2x}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 + 7x + 6 \\ \hline x^2 + x - 6 \\ \hline x^2 + 5x - 6 \\ \hline x^2 + 5x + 6 \end{array}$$

Solve each equation.

$$33. 2x - 3 = 5$$

$$34. 6 - x = 2x + 9$$

$$35. 5 - (2x - 1) = 10$$

$$36. \frac{2}{y} + \frac{4}{y} = 3$$

$$37. x^2 = 4x$$

$$38. |3x - 1| = 2$$

$$39. 2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$$

$$40. x^2 - 4x = -2$$

$$41. x^3 + 4x^2 - x - 4 = 0$$

Simplify each expression.

$$42. \sqrt{8}$$

$$43. \sqrt{54}$$

$$44. \sqrt{16x^5}$$

$$45. 3\sqrt{7} + 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$46. (\sqrt{7} - 2)(\sqrt{7} + 4)$$

$$47. (\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{3})^2$$

Rationalize the denominator.

$$48. \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$49. \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$50. \frac{3}{2 - \sqrt{5}}$$

Perform the operation indicated.

$$51. \frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{4}$$

$$52. \frac{x}{5} + \frac{x}{3}$$

$$53. \frac{2}{5} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$54. 3 - \frac{4}{7}$$

$$55. \frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$$

$$56. 4 \cdot \frac{3}{5}$$

$$57. \frac{2}{5} \div \frac{1}{4}$$

$$58. 3 \div \frac{2}{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \hline 3 \\ \hline 16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y \\ \hline 5 \\ \hline y^2 \\ \hline 20 \end{array}$$

Solve using the quadratic formula.

$$61. x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0$$

$$62. 4x^2 = 1 - 2x$$

Find an equation for the line:

63. containing the points $(1, 3)$ and $(-1, 2)$

64. x-intercept = -4 and y-intercept = 4

Solve each system of equations.

$$\begin{aligned} 65. x + 2y &= -7 \\ x + y &= -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 66. 3x - 6y &= 2 \\ 5x + 4y &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Sketch the graph of each of the following:

$$67. y = -x + 3$$

$$68. x = 3$$

$$69. 2x + 3y = 6$$

$$70. 3y = 2x - 1$$